## **Amendments to the Claims:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## **Listing of Claims:**

- 1. (currently amended): System for drying objects, comprising:
  - [(a)]] a drying cubicle including at least one section in which the objects are exposed to hot air;
  - [[b)]] a heating device which heats the hot air introduced into the drying cubicle,

## wherein<del>characterised in that</del>

- [(e)]] the heating device includes at least one high temperature fuel cell [[(10)]] the process waste air from which can be fed to the drying cubicle [[(1)]] as hot air;
- [[d)]] there is provided a control system which
  - [[da)]] so operates the high temperature fuel cell [[(10)]] regardless of the electrical energy generated thereby that the thermal energy generated thereby meets the requirement in the drying cubicle [[(1)]]; and,
  - [[db)]] supplies whatever quantity of electrical energy is generated by the high temperature fuel cell [[(10)]] to other electrical consumers.
- (currently amended): System according to claim 1, whereincharacterised in that the control system utilises the electrical energy of the high temperature fuel cell [[(10)]]

primarily for electrical consumers (6, 12, 15) belonging to the system itself and secondarily for electrical consumers located outside the system.

- 3. (currently amended): System according to claim 2, whereineharacterised in that the control system utilises the electrical energy of the high temperature fuel cell [[(10)]] within the system itself primarily for the electrical consumers [[(6)]] used for heat generation, for example, infrared radiators, and secondarily for other electrical consumers, for example, electrical drives.
- 4. (currently amended): System according to <u>claim 1</u>, <u>whereinany one of the preceding</u> elaims, characterised in that the control system supplies the surplus electrical energy of the high temperature fuel cell [[(10)]] not consumed in the system itself primarily to an energy accumulator and secondarily to the general electrical mains supply.
- 5. (currently amended): System according to <u>claim 1</u>, <u>whereinany one of the preceding</u> elaims, characterised in that there is provided a regenerative post-combustion device [[(11)]] to which air extracted from the drying chamber [[(1)]] and containing hydrocarbon is fed for purification.
- 6. (currently amended): <u>SystemMethod</u> according to claim 5, <u>whereineharacterised in that</u> a heat exchanger [[(14)]] is provided in which a thermal exchange takes place between hot air drawn from the regenerative post-combustion device [[(11)]] and air drawn from the ambient atmosphere and fed to the drying cubicle [[(1)]].
- 7. (currently amended): Method for drying objects, wherein air is heated and the objects are subjected to the influence of the heated air, the method comprising:

## characterised in that:

[a] the process waste air from a high temperature fuel cell [(10)] is used as hot air;

- [[b)]] the high temperature fuel cell [[(10)]] is operated according to the requirement for thermal energy of the drying process regardless of the electrical energy generated by said high temperature fuel cell [[(10)]]; and,
- [[e)]] the electrical energy generated by the high temperature fuel cell [[(10)]] is fed in whatever quantity is obtained to electrical consumers.
- 8. (currently amended): Method according to claim 7, whereincharacterised in that the electrical energy of the high temperature fuel cell [[(10)]] is utilised primary for electrical consumers (6, 12, 15) belonging to the system itself and secondarily for electrical consumers located outside the system.
- 9. (currently amended): Method according to claim 7, wherein or 8, characterised in that the electrical energy of the high temperature fuel cell [[(10)]] is utilised within the system itself primarily for the electrical consumers [[(6)]] used for heat generation, for example, infrared radiators, and secondarily for other electrical consumers, for example, electrical drives.
- 10. (currently amended): Method according to <u>claim 7</u>, <u>wherein any one of claims 7 to 9</u>, <u>characterised in that</u> the surplus electrical energy of the high temperature fuel cell [[(10)]] not consumed in the system itself is supplied primary to an energy accumulator and secondarily to the general electrical mains supply.
- 11. (currently amended): Method according to <u>claim 7</u>, <u>wherein any one of claims 7 to 10</u>, <del>characterised in that</del> the air produced during drying and containing hydrocarbon is postcombusted regeneratively.
- 12. (currently amended): Method according to claim 11, whereincharacterised in that the air heated by post-combustion is used for heating air which is drawn from the ambient atmosphere and fed to the drying process.

- (currently amended): Method according to claim 7, wherein any one of claims 7 to 12, characterised in that upon attainment of the operating temperature of the fuel cell [[(10)]] the fuel gas is heated at least partially by electrical energy supplied from the fuel cell [[(10)]] itself.
- 14. (currently amended): Method according to claim 7, whereinany one of claims 7 to 13, characterised in that the process waste air from the high temperature fuel cell [[(10)]] forms an inert atmosphere in the drying cubicle [[(1)]].